

b. In addition, the recipient agrees to indemnify and hold the U.S. Government and its contractors and subcontractors harmless from any third party claim, judgment, or cost arising from the injury to or death of any person, or for damage to or loss of any property, arising as a result of its possession or use of any U.S. Government property.

§ 1260.63 Payment—to foreign organizations.

PAYMENT—TO FOREIGN ORGANIZATIONS

(For grants or cooperative agreements with foreign organizations, this clause will be developed on a case-by-case basis.)

§ 1260.64 Customs clearance and visas.

CUSTOMS CLEARANCE AND VISAS

(For grants or cooperative agreements with foreign organizations, this clause will be developed on a case-by-case basis.)

§ 1260.65 Taxes.

TAXES

(For grants or cooperative agreements with foreign organizations, this clause will be developed on a case-by-case basis.)

§ 1260.66 Exchange of technical data and goods.

EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL DATA AND GOODS

(For grants or cooperative agreements with foreign organizations, this clause will be developed on a case-by-case basis.)

POST-AWARD REQUIREMENTS

§ 1260.70 Delegation of administration.

(a) Pursuant to the Government-wide “cross-servicing” policy, NASA grants and cooperative agreements shall be delegated for full administration (including property and closeout) to the Office of Naval Research (ONR). Exceptions to this policy must be approved by the Procurement Officer, documented, and made part of the file.

(b) Delegations will be made by using NASA Form NF 1671. The grant officer will strike out any parts of the form that do not apply and write in specific instructions regarding actions requiring ONR involvement. The grant officer will inform the recipient, in writing, that a delegation has been made.

(c) ONR will acknowledge this delegation by returning a NF 1431 to the grant officer within five days of receipt.

§ 1260.71 Supplements and renewals.

(a) A NASA grant officer can unilaterally make minor or administrative changes to a grant; e.g., Reports Substitution (§ 1260.55), Withholding (§ 1260.56), and Novations (§ 1260.74). Renewal of grant (§ 1260.22) is a unilateral decision by NASA based upon availability of funds, continued research relevance, and progress made by the recipient.

(b) To eliminate the paperwork burdens associated with closeout and negotiations for a new grant, ongoing efforts to continue the same effort at the same institution will be accomplished by modifying the current instrument, unless there is a significant change in the nature of the work or closure would be in the best interest of the Government.

(1) Grants should be renewed prior to their expiration date. When possible, the period of performance should be continuous with the prior grant. If otherwise acceptable, NASA may fund an extension through a multiple year grant (§ 1260.13(a)) or by extending the existing grant. Such extensions (other than no-cost extensions) must be supported by a new proposal from the recipient.

(2) To insure continuation, the technical office should forward to the grant office a complete technical evaluation, support documentation, and/or a funded Procurement Request at least 45 days before the expiration of the funded period.

Although the grant officer has little control over the timely receipt of purchase requests, he/she is responsible for informing the technical officer of current lead-time requirements and for timely processing continuation agreements.

(3) The technical office will notify the recipient if the grant is to be funded or if additional information is required. Alternatively, if a grant is not to be renewed, the program office should give the grant officer and the recipient 30-day notice.

(c) Requests by the recipient to modify a grant must be in writing to the grant officer. Examples might include changes in principal investigator or additional funding. After concurrence by